

"Secular Humanism: Defined & Compared"

Lesson #3

1. Key Verse

2. Key Statement "Secular Humanism Is A _____"

- _____ Instead Of A _____
- _____ Instead Of A _____
- _____ Instead Of _____
- _____ As The Means Of _____

I. _____ Of Secular Humanism

- The Humanist Book Of Belief Statements: _____
- The Humanist Manifest Contains.....
 - Statements Of _____
 - Declarations Of _____
 - Statements Of _____
 - The Humanist _____

Secular Humanism - Manifesto's: _____ Statements Of Belief

Biblical Christianity - Scripture: God's _____

Four Major Manifestos Of Humanists

1. **Humanist Manifesto I (1933)** - _____
2. **Humanist Manifesto II (1973)** - _____
3. **1980 Declaration Of Secular Humanism** - _____
4. **Humanist Manifesto III (2003)** - _____

Humanism In Six Words

- _____ : How Do I Know? _____
- _____ : Where Did I Come From? _____
- _____ : How Do I Know Right From Wrong? _____
- _____ : What Is Life's Purpose? _____
- _____ : Where Do I Find Meaning? _____
- _____ : What Is My Responsibility? _____

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II. _____ Of Secular Humanism

Humanist Manifesto I (Is Statements OF Faith)

1. _____
2. Man Arose Through _____
3. Man Has _____
4. Religion Is A Creation Of _____
5. _____
6. _____ Must Change For A _____
7. Redefines Religion As _____
8. Redefines _____
9. _____ Only
10. _____ Alone
11. Humanism _____ Mankind
12. Separation Of _____ From The _____
13. _____
14. Reshape The _____ And _____ Of Society
15. Humanity Must _____

III. To Secular Humanism

1. _____: How Do We Know Truth?
 - **Humanism** - _____, _____, _____, _____
 - **Christianity** - _____ (2 Timothy 3:16-17)
2. _____: What Is Ultimate Reality?
 - **Humanism** - _____
 - **Christianity** - _____ (Genesis 1:1:)
3. _____: What Is Man?
 - **Humanism** - Man Is A Product Of _____
 - **Christianity** - Man Is _____ In His Image. (Genesis 1:26-27)
4. _____: Why Are We Here?
 - **Humanism** - To Discover Meaning Through _____, _____, _____, _____, And _____
 - **Christianity** - To Give _____ And Fulfill His _____ (Isaiah 43:7)
5. _____: What Determines Right And Wrong?
 - **Humanism** - Ethics Developed Through _____, _____, _____, _____ And The _____ Of Individuals And Society
 - **Christianity** - _____ (1 Peter 1:15-16; Micah 6:8)
6. _____: What Is Man's Solution?
 - **Humanism** - Problems Are Solved Through _____, _____, _____, _____ And _____ Improvement
 - **Christianity** - Man's Fundamental Problem Is _____. God's Remedy Is _____ Through _____ (Romans 6:23; Ephesians 2:8-9)
7. _____: What Happens When I Die?
 - **Humanism** - There Is No _____
 - **Christianity** - Physical Death Is Followed By _____ (Hebrews 9:27)
8. _____: Is Truth Objective?
 - **Humanism** - Truth Claims Must Be Tested By _____, _____, And _____.
 - **Christianity** - Truth Originates In _____. God Never _____. God's Word Is _____. (Malachi 3:6; John 17:17)

9. _____: Who Is Jesus?

- **Humanism** - A _____ Or _____ Figure.
- **Christianity** - He Is The _____ Who Came Into This World To _____, _____, _____ And _____ For A _____ (1 Corinthians 15:3-4)

10. _____: Why Is The World Broken?

- **Humanism** - Suffering Arises Through Natural _____, Human _____, _____, Social _____, _____ Factors And Other _____
- **Christianity** - Creation Has _____, _____, _____ (Romans 5:12)

IV. A **To Secular Humanism**

Key Verse: _____

Christ's Call To All Believers Is To _____

- To _____ God In The World
- _____ To The World
- _____ For This World

- The Great Promise Of Humanism: " _____ "
- The Great Promise Of Christianity: " _____ In Christ Is _____ "